

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2019

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level In Decision Mathematics D1 (WDM11/01) Edexcel and BTEC Qualifications

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- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

EDEXCEL GCE MATHEMATICS

General Instructions for Marking

- 1. The total number of marks for the paper is 75.
- 2. The Edexcel Mathematics mark schemes use the following types of marks:
- M marks: method marks are awarded for `knowing a method and attempting to apply it', unless otherwise indicated.
- A marks: Accuracy marks can only be awarded if the relevant method (M) marks have been earned.
- B marks are unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)
- Marks should not be subdivided.
- 3. Abbreviations

These are some of the traditional marking abbreviations that will appear in the mark schemes.

- bod benefit of doubt
- ft follow through
- the symbol $\sqrt{}$ will be used for correct ft
- cao correct answer only
- cso correct solution only. There must be no errors in this part of the question to obtain this mark
- isw ignore subsequent working
- awrt answers which round to
- SC: special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep dependent
- indep independent
- dp decimal places
- sf significant figures
- * The answer is printed on the paper
- The second mark is dependent on gaining the first mark
- 4. All A marks are 'correct answer only' (cao.), unless shown, for example, as A1 ft to indicate that previous wrong working is to be followed through. After a misread however, the subsequent A marks affected are treated as A ft, but manifestly absurd answers should never be awarded A marks.
- 5. For misreading which does not alter the character of a question or materially simplify it, deduct two from any A or B marks gained, in that part of the question affected.
- 6. If a candidate makes more than one attempt at any question:
 - If all but one attempt is crossed out, mark the attempt which is NOT crossed out.

PMT

7. Ignore wrong working or incorrect statements following a correct answer.

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
1. (a)	NNA: $A - D - E - F - B - C - A$	M1 A1
	27+25+21+34+58+56 = 221 (km)	A1 (3)
(b)	RMST weight = 118 (km)	B1
	118 + 27 + 38 = 183 (km)	M1 A1 (3)
(c)	$183 \leq \text{length} \leq 221$	M1 A1 (2)
		8 marks
	Notes for Question 1	
a2A1: Let b1B1: CA b1M1: Ac the correct b1A1: CA	ute correctly stated, must return to A, accept link back to A ngth correctly stated. Do not ISW if candidates then go on to double the route length to for RMST weight (either 118 or $34 + 21 + 25 + 38$) – maybe implied by later wo lding 27 + 38 (the two least weighted arcs) to their RMST length – this mark maybe t value for the lower bound – note that their RMST must contain only four arcs to - if 183 seen without working then award all 3 marks in (b)	orking e implied by
interval fromark c1A1: CA	eir answers from (a) and (b) correctly used, accept any inequalities or any indicatio om their 183 to their 221 (so $183 - 221$ can score this mark). Please note that UB > O (no follow through on their values) including correct inequalities or equivalent so $83 < \text{length} \leq 221$)	LB for this

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
2. (a)	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	M1 A1 (ABCDE) A1 (FGH) A1ft (KJ)
(b)	Route: ABDEFHKJ Length: 76 (km) Prim: AB, BC; BD, DE	A1 A1ft (6) M1; A1 (2)
(c) (d)	Kruskal: FG, JK, FH, not GH, HK, (not HJ), (not FK), (not GJ) Total length: 85 (km)	M1; A1 (2) B1 (1)
(u)		11 marks
working values m It is also of 0 at A sequence	s important that all values at each node are checked very carefully – the ord values must be correct for the corresponding A mark to be awarded e.g. at ust be 24 22 20 in that order (so 24 20 22 is incorrect) important that the order of labelling is checked carefully – some candidates (rather than 1) – which is fine. Also the order of labelling must be a strictly – so 1, 2, 3, 3, 4, will be penalised once (see notes below) but 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, al values and working values are penalised before errors in the order of lab	E the working start with a label increasing is fine. Errors
or J or K a1A1: Al (including a2A1: Al labelling B, C, D a however,	larger value replaced by a smaller value in at least two of the working value box l values in A, B, C, D and E correct and the working values in the correct order a g order of labelling). Condone lack of 0 in A's working value l values in F, G and H correct and the working values in the correct order. Penalt only once per question (F, G and H must be labelled in that order and F must be nd E). Note that an additional working value of 56 at H after the 48 is not an error any other number or 56 48 in this order is incorrect and scores A0 in this part All values in K and J correct on the follow through and the working values in the order of labelling only once per question. To follow through K check that the wo	at C and E ise order of labelled after A, or so 48 56 is fine,

Question	Calvarra	Maulta
Number	Scheme	IVIALKS

labelling, follows through correctly. Repeat this process for J (which will possibly have working values from G, H and K with the order of these values determined by the candidate's order of labelling at G, H and K)

a4A1: CAO - correct route (ABDEFHKJ) not from J to A

a5A1ft: Follow through on their final value at J only (so if 76 given as the answer and the final value at J is not 76 then A0)

b1M1: First two arcs (AB, BC) chosen correctly in order, or first three nodes (ABC) chosen correctly in order. If any rejections seen at any point, or just a list of **all** the arcs in order, or only a list of weights then M0 (condone for M1only those who find the MST for the entire network)

b1A1: CSO (must be considering arcs so must be AB, BC, BD, DE or BA, BC, etc.) – do not isw if candidates continue and find the MST for the entire network

c1M1: First two arcs (FG, JK) chosen correctly in order **and at least one rejection seen at some point** – no marks in this part if candidates apply Kruskal to the entire network or if only a list of weights given **c1A1:** CSO – all selections and rejections correct in the correct order and at the correct time. Note that stating all the arcs in order (e.g. GF, JK, FH, GH, KH, JH, FK, GJ) and then stating only those in the tree in the correct order is fine for both marks in this part

d1B1: CAO (85)

Question Number	Scheme	Mar	ks
3. (a)	$\frac{132}{42} = 3.14$ so lower bound is 4	M1 A1	(2)
(b)	Group 1: 8 17 9 7 Group 2: 14 18 10 Group 3: 12 22 Group 4: 15 15	M1 A1	(2)
	e.g. middle right e.g. middle left 8 17 9 14 18 12 22 10 15 7 8 17 9 14 18 12 22 10 15 7 17 14 18 22 15 12 8 9 10 7 22 18 8 17 9 14 12 10 15 7 22 18 17 9 14 12 10 15 7	M1 A1	
(c)	22 18 17 <u>14</u> 15 12 10 <u>8</u> <u>9</u> 7 22 18 <u>17</u> 15 14 <u>8</u> <u>9</u> <u>12</u> 10 7 22 18 <u>17</u> <u>15</u> 14 12 10 <u>9</u> <u>8</u> <u>7</u> 22 18 <u>17</u> 15 14 <u>8</u> <u>9</u> <u>10</u> 7 22 18 <u>17</u> 15 14 12 10 <u>9</u> <u>8</u> <u>7</u> 22 18 <u>17</u> <u>15</u> 14 12 10 <u>9</u> <u>8</u> <u>7</u> 22 18 <u>17</u> <u>15</u> 14 12 <u>10</u> <u>9</u> <u>8</u> <u>7</u> 22 18 17 <u>15</u> 14 12 <u>10</u> <u>9</u> <u>8</u> <u>7</u> 22 18 17 <u>15</u> 14 12 <u>10</u> <u>9</u> <u>8</u> <u>7</u>	A1ft A1	(4)
(d)	Group 1: 22 18 Group 2: 17 15 10 Group 3: 14 12 9 7 Group 4: 8	M1 A1	(2)
(e)	$\begin{array}{l} B(E)C + G(I)H = (11.2 + 14.5) + (8.3 + 17.2) = 51.2* \\ B(F)G + C(EJ)H = (10.3 + 15.2) + (14.5 + 7.5 + 16.2) = 63.7 \\ B(EJ)H + C(EF)G = (11.2 + 7.5 + 16.2) + (14.5 + 4.3 + 15.2) = 68.9 \end{array}$	M1 A1 A1	
(f)	Repeat arcs: BE, CE, GI, HI Route e.g. ABEBFECEJIFGIGHIHJDCA Length = 227. 2 + 51.2 = 278.4 (m)	A1 B1 B1ft	(4)
(g)	Finishing vertex: C Reduction in lengths: $51.2 - (10.3 + 15.2) = 25.7$ (m)	B1 B1 18 marl	(2)
AND TH	Notes for Question 3 NOTE NO MISREADS IN THIS QUESTION – MARK ACCORDING TO T E SPECIAL CASE FOR ASCENDING IN PART (c)	THE SCHI	EME
imply this a1A1: CS	tempt to find the lower bound $(132\pm22)/42$ (a value of 3.14 (or better) seen with 1 mark) O - correct calculation seen or 3.14 followed by 4 – accept 3.1 if correct calculation 4 with no working scores M0A0		
for M1 on	rst six items placed correctly and at least eight items placed in bins – condone cum ly (the values in bold) O (so no additional/repeated values)	ulative tota	als
pivot is M	nick sort, pivot, p, chosen (must be choosing middle left or right – choosing first/late [0]. After the first pass the list must read (values greater than the pivot), pivot, (values only choosing one pivot per iteration then M1 only		
need to be	st pass correct and next pivots chosen correctly for the second pass (but the second correct) – so they must be choosing (if middle right) a pivot values of 18 and 10 f middle left) a pivot value of 14	1	

PMT

Question Number	Sche	me	Marks
c2A1ft: Second and third panot need to be choosing a pictor c3A1: CSO (correct solution middle right a fourth pass w pivot solution solution be choose as a second solution be choosed as a second so	ivot for the fourth pass for n only – all previous mark with the 15 and 7 used as p order in (c) ets the list into ascending	ugh from their first pass and choice of p r this mark ks in this part must have been awarded pivots or if middle left a fifth pass with order and reverses the list in this part th) including if the 8 used as a
 last two A marks esactually show the r Note that if sortin could be shown by 	arned in (c). If the candid eversed list in (c) then ren g into ascending order t y the final list being re-w would therefore mean th	ascending or descending order in (d) the late says that the list needs reversing in move the last A mark earned then a 'sort complete' statement is red written or 'sorted' statement or each is hat the final list would have been writ	(c) but does not quired – this item being used
Middle right ascending (requires sort complete sta	atement– see above)	Middle left ascending (requires sort complete statement – s	see above)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	15 18 22 15 18 22	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
d1M1: First six items place for M1 only (the values in b d1A1: CSO (so no addition	oold)	ght items placed in bins – condone cum	ulative totals
e1M1: Correct three pairing e1A1: Any one row correct e2A1: All three rows correc e3A1: CAO correct arcs cle BC via E, etc.	including pairings and to at including pairings and	otals	BEC, GIH, or
A(2), B(2), C(2), D(1), E(3)), F(2), G(2), H(2), I(3), J	g and ending at A, BE, CE, GI and HI ag (2)) bice of at least two totals seen in (e) – th	
g1B1: CAO (C)	nat the correct answer can	come from incorrect working e.g. 11.2	+14.5 = 25.7

Question Number	Scheme	Mark	(S
4.(a)(i)	The dummy from event 2 to event 3 is required because activity F (or G) relies on activity A and B but activity D (or E) relies on activity A only	B1	
(ii)	The dummy from event 6 to event 7 is required as otherwise activities J and K (which both begin at event 4) would end at the same event	B1	(2)
(b)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	M1 A1 M1 A1	(4)
(c)	Minimum completion time: 26 (hours) Critical activities: A, D, I and M	B1 B1	(2)
(d)	The early event time at event 7 is (the larger of) 12 or $9 + x$	M1 A1	
	The late event time at event 7 would then be either 15 or $9 + x$	A1	(3)
(e)	x=10	B1	(1)

In (a) any use of the terms 'activity' and 'event' must be correct

ai1B1: CAO dependency - all relevant activities must be referred to - activities A and B and one of D or E and one of F or G (so four activities) must be mentioned

aii1B1: CAO uniqueness – please note that, for example, 'so that activities can be defined uniquely' is not sufficient to earn this mark. There must be some mention of describing activities in terms of the event at each end. However, give bod on statements that imply that an activity begins and ends at the same event (for this mark candidates do not need to explicitly mention activities J and K)

b1M1: All top boxes complete, values in the top boxes generally increasing in the direction of the arrows ('left to right'), condone one 'rogue' value (if values do not increase in the direction of the arrows then if one value is ignored and then the values do increase in the direction of the arrows then this is considered to be only one rogue value)

b1A1: CAO for the top boxes

b2M1: All bottom boxes complete, values generally decreasing in the opposite direction of the arrows ('right to left'), condone one rogue. Condone missing 0 and/or their 26 (at the end event) for the M only **b2A1:** CAO for the bottom boxes

c1B1: CAO (26) **c2B1:** CAO (A, D, I and M only)

Number		Marks
di1A1: Bo	the of 12 or $9 + x$ as the early event time for event 7 th correct answers 12, $9 + x$ (A0 if 'linked' in some way e.g. $12 > 9 + x$ but bod for oth correct answers of 15, $9 + x$ for the late event time for event 7	r the M mark)
e1B1: CA	D (10)	

Question Number	Scheme	Mark	s
5. (a)	$5y \leq 3z$	M1 A1	(2)
(b)	The total number of shirts must be at least 250	B1	. ,
	At most 20% of all the shirts should be small	M1 A1	(3)
(c)	(Minimise) $6x+10y+15z$	B1	(1)
(d)(i)	$z = 150 \Longrightarrow x + y \ge 100$	M1	
	$y \leq 90$		
	$4x - y \le 150$	A1	
(d)(ii)	$y_{120}^{y}_{10}^{y}_{10}^{$	B1 B1 B1 B1	(6)
(e)	Correct objective line	B1	
	V correctly labelled	B1	(2)
(f)	50 small and 50 medium shirts	B1	
	$Cost = \pounds 3050$	B1	(2)
(g)	$x = 50, y = 75 \Rightarrow z \ge 125$ therefore minimum number of large shirts is 125	M1	
	This leads to a cost of £2925 which is less than the cost in (f)	A1	(2)
	Notes for Question 5	18 mark	S

Notes for Question 5

a1M1: Correct method: $5_{y\square}3_z$ where \square is any inequality or equals. An exact equivalent answer (with or without integer coefficients) can score M1 or M1 for $3y \le 5_z$ only

a1A1: CAO (or equivalent e.g. $k(5y \le 3z)$ where k is any positive integer only)

b1B1: CAO oe e.g. the minimum number of shirts is 250 is fine for this mark (note that they must imply that the total number (and not one particular brand of shirt) is **at least** 250)

b1M1: Three of 'at most', '20%', 'all' and 'small' (allow equivalents e.g. fifth or 0.2 for 20%) allow those who imply 'all' provided that it is clear that they aren't talking about one particular brand only **b1A1:** CAO (o.e. e.g. the number of small shirts is less than or equal to a fifth of the total number of shirts, the number of small shirts is at most 20% of all the shirts sold) – give bod of these that clearly imply 'all' provided that they aren't talking about only one particular brand. Do not allow statements which contain use of 0.2 or $\frac{1}{5}$ for this mark, e.g. the number of small shirts is at most 0.2 of all the shirts is A0

Number $CREME = CREME = CRE$	Marks
di1A1: CAO e.g. $x + y \ge 100$, $4x \le y + 150$, $5y \le 450$ (oe) - all constraints must be correct with inter coefficients but allow positive multiplies – ignore $x \ge 0$, $y \ge 0$ but any other additional constraints allow recovery in this part if $y \le 90$ (oe) seen in (d) even if their $5y \le 3z$ is incorrect in (a) In (d), lines must be long enough to define the correct feasible region and would pass through one square of the points stated: x + y = 100 must pass within one small square of its intersection with the axes – (0, 100) and (100 y = 90 must pass within one small square of its intersection with the y-axis and (60, 90) 4x - y = 150 must pass within one small square of (37.5, 0) and (60, 90) dii1B1: Any one line correctly drawn dii2B1: Any two lines correctly drawn dii3B1: All three lines correctly drawn dii3B1: All three lines correctly drawn dii3B1: Carrect objective line on the graph with gradient of -0.6. Line must be correct one small square if extended from axis to axis. If line is shorter than (0, 6) to (10, 0) then B0 e2B1: V correctly labelled – note that this mark is dependent on the correct feasible region in (d) (a have scored at least B1B1B1B0) and the previous B marks in (e) f1B1: CAO – must be in context (50 small and 50 medium and not for $x = y = 50$) note that this mark dependent on the correct feasible region in (d) (so must have scored at least B1B1B1B0 in (d)) an B mark (for a correct objective line) in (e) f2B1: CAO (3050) – units not required – note that this mark is dependent on the correct feasible region in (d) (so must have scored at least B1B1B1B0 in (d)) and the first B mark (for a correct objective line) in (d) (so must have scored at least B1B1B1B0 in (d)) and the first B mark (for a correct objective line) in (d) (so must have scored at least B1B1B1B0 in (d)) and the first B mark (for a correct objective line) in (d) (so must have scored at least B1B1B1B0 in (d)) and the first B mark (for a correct objective line) in (d) (so must have scored at least B1B1B1B1B0 in (d)	plified
square of the points stated: x + y = 100 must pass within one small square of its intersection with the axes – (0, 100) and (100) y = 90 must pass within one small square of its intersection with the <i>y</i> -axis and (60, 90) 4x - y = 150 must pass within one small square of (37.5, 0) and (60, 90) dii1B1: Any one line correctly drawn dii2B1: Any two lines correctly drawn dii3B1: All three lines correctly drawn dii4B1: Region, <i>R</i> , correctly labelled – not just implied by shading – dependent on scoring the thr previous B marks in this part e1B1: Drawing the correct objective line on the graph with gradient of –0.6. Line must be correct one small square if extended from axis to axis. If line is shorter than (0, 6) to (10, 0) then B0 e2B1: <i>V</i> correctly labelled – note that this mark is dependent on the correct feasible region in (d) (b have scored at least B1B1B1B0) and the previous B mark in (e) f1B1: CAO – must be in context (50 small and 50 medium and not for $x = y = 50$) note that this mark diependent on the correct feasible region in (d) (so must have scored at least B1B1B1B0 in (d)) an B mark (for a correct objective line) in (e) f2B1: CAO (3050) – units not required - note that this mark is dependent on the correct feasible region in (d) (so must have scored at least B1B1B1B0 in (d)) and the first B mark (for a correct objective line) in (e)	-
y = 90 must pass within one small square of its intersection with the y-axis and (60, 90) 4x - y = 150 must pass within one small square of (37.5, 0) and (60, 90) dii1B1: Any one line correctly drawn dii2B1: Any two lines correctly drawn dii3B1: All three lines correctly drawn dii4B1: Region, <i>R</i> , correctly labelled – not just implied by shading – dependent on scoring the thr previous B marks in this part e1B1: Drawing the correct objective line on the graph with gradient of –0.6. Line must be correct one small square if extended from axis to axis. If line is shorter than (0, 6) to (10, 0) then B0 e2B1: <i>V</i> correctly labelled – note that this mark is dependent on the correct feasible region in (d) (b have scored at least B1B1B1B0) and the previous B mark in (e) f1B1: CAO – must be in context (50 small and 50 medium and not for $x = y = 50$) note that this mark dependent on the correct objective line) in (e) f2B1: CAO (3050) – units not required - note that this mark is dependent on the correct feasible region in (d) (so must have scored at least B1B1B1B0 in (d)) and the first B mark (for a correct objective line) in (d) (so must have scored at least B1B1B1B0 in (d)) and the first B mark (for a correct objective line) in (d) (so must have scored at least B1B1B1B0 in (d)) and the first B mark (for a correct objective line) in	e small
dii2B1: Any two lines correctly drawn dii3B1: All three lines correctly drawn dii4B1: Region, <i>R</i> , correctly labelled – not just implied by shading – dependent on scoring the thr previous B marks in this part e1B1: Drawing the correct objective line on the graph with gradient of –0.6. Line must be correct one small square if extended from axis to axis. If line is shorter than $(0, 6)$ to $(10, 0)$ then B0 e2B1: <i>V</i> correctly labelled – note that this mark is dependent on the correct feasible region in (d) (have scored at least B1B1B1B0) and the previous B mark in (e) f1B1: CAO – must be in context (50 small and 50 medium and not for $x = y = 50$) note that this m dependent on the correct feasible region in (d) (so must have scored at least B1B1B1B0 in (d)) an B mark (for a correct objective line) in (e) f2B1: CAO (3050) – units not required - note that this mark is dependent on the correct feasible region in (d) (so must have scored at least B1B1B1B0 in (d)) and the first B mark (for a correct objective li	0, 0)
one small square if extended from axis to axis. If line is shorter than $(0, 6)$ to $(10, 0)$ then B0 e2B1: V correctly labelled – note that this mark is dependent on the correct feasible region in (d) (have scored at least B1B1B1B0) and the previous B mark in (e) f1B1: CAO – must be in context (50 small and 50 medium and not for $x = y = 50$) note that this m dependent on the correct feasible region in (d) (so must have scored at least B1B1B1B0 in (d)) an B mark (for a correct objective line) in (e) f2B1: CAO (3050) – units not required - note that this mark is dependent on the correct feasible re (d) (so must have scored at least B1B1B1B0 in (d)) and the first B mark (for a correct objective li	ree
dependent on the correct feasible region in (d) (so must have scored at least B1B1B1B0 in (d)) an B mark (for a correct objective line) in (e) f2B1: CAO (3050) – units not required - note that this mark is dependent on the correct feasible re (d) (so must have scored at least B1B1B1B0 in (d)) and the first B mark (for a correct objective li	
- condone il stated seen il (g)	nd the firs region in
g1M1: Substitute to obtain the correct value for z of 125 (accept $z \ge 125$ or $>$) – if no method allo seen but M0 if 125 found but a different value of z stated and subsequently used g1A1: Correct cost (2925) and dependent on the final B mark in (f)	ow 125

Question	Scheme	Ma	ırks
Number			
6.(a)	$ \begin{array}{c} $	M1 A1 A1 A1 A1	(5)
(b)	Critical path: $A - E - K$	B1	(1)
(c)	First critical path: $C - H - I - M$	B1	
	Second critical path: $C - H - I - L$	B1	(2)
		8 marl	
	Notes for Question 6	· ·	

Condone lack of, or incorrect, numbered events throughout. 'Dealt with correctly' means that the activity starts from the correct event but need not necessarily finishes at the correct event, e.g. 'F dealt with correctly' requires the correct precedences for this activity, i.e. A, B and C labelled correctly and leading into the same node and F starting from that node but do not consider the end event for F. Activity on node is M0

If an arc is not labelled, for example, if the arc for activity G is not labelled (but the arc is present) then this will lose the second A mark and the final (CSO) A mark – they can still earn the third A mark on the bod. If two or more arcs are not labelled then mark according to the scheme. Assume that a solid line is an activity which has not been labelled rather than a dummy (even if in the correct place for where a dummy should be)

Ignore incorrect or lack of arrows on the activities for the first four marks only

a1M1: At least eight activities (labelled on arc), one start and at least two dummies placed **a1A1:** Activities A, B, C, first two dummies (+ correct arrows on these two dummies) and D dealt with correctly – the first two dummies are those that meet at the end of activity B

a2A1: Activities E, F, G, H and I dealt with correctly

a3A1: Activities J, K, L and M and 3rd dummy (+ correct arrow on this dummy) dealt with correctly – the 3^{rd} dummy is the one that begins at the end of activity G

a4A1: CSO – Final dummy + arrow, all arrows correctly placed for each activity with one finish and no additional dummies. Note that this is not a unique solution e.g. J and K could be interchanged, or the dummy could come immediately after E, etc. so please check these carefully. **Please check all arcs carefully for arrows – if there are no arrows on dummies then M1 only**.

Note that additional (but unnecessary) 'correct' dummies that still maintain precedence for the network should only be penalised with the final A mark if earned

b1B1: CAO (A, E and K only)

c1B1: One correct path (with at most three paths stated) **c2B1:** Both correct with no others

PMT

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